



# Hornsea Project Four

## Statement of Common Ground between Hornsea Project Four and Natural England: Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology

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Revision 01

## Revision History

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	03	

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## Glossary

Term	Definition
Development Consent Order (DCO)	An order made under the Planning Act 2008 granting development consent for one or more Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects (NSIP).
Hornsea Project Four Offshore Wind Farm	The term covers all elements of the project (i.e. both the offshore and onshore). Hornsea Four infrastructure will include offshore generating stations (wind turbines), electrical export cables to landfall, and connection to the electricity transmission network. Hereafter referred to as Hornsea Four.
Orsted Hornsea Project Four Ltd	The Applicant for the proposed Hornsea Project Four Offshore Wind Farm Development Consent Order (DCO).

## Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AEoI	Adverse Effect on Integrity
CRM	Collision Risk Modelling
DMLs	Deemed Marine Licences
DCO	Development Consent Order
ECC	Export Cable Corridor
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EP	Evidence Plan
ES	Environmental Statement
FFC	Flamborough and Filey Coast
HRA	Habitats Regulations Assessment
HVAC	High Voltage Alternating Current
HVDC	High Voltage Direct Current
LAT	Lowest Astronomical Tide
LSE	Likely Significant Effect
MDS	Maximum Design Scenario
MHWS	Mean High Water Springs
MLWS	Mean Low Water Springs
MMO	Marine Management Organisation
NSIP	Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project
PEIR	Preliminary Environmental Information Report
PINS	The Planning Inspectorate
PVA	Population Viability Analysis
RIAA	Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment
RR	Relevant Representation
SNCB	Statutory Nature Conservation Body
SoCG	Statement of Common Ground
SPA	Special Protection Area

## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Reason for this document

1.1.1.1 This Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) has been prepared between Orsted Hornsea Project Four Limited ('the Applicant') and Natural England to set out the areas of agreement and disagreement between the two parties in relation to the proposed Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the Hornsea Project Four offshore wind farm (hereafter referred to as 'Hornsea Four').

1.1.1.2 This SoCG covers offshore and intertidal ornithology matters only. Separate SoCGs have been prepared with Natural England on further relevant topics as set out in [Table 1](#) below.

**Table 1: Summary of all SoCGs sought with Natural England.**

SoCG's sought with Natural England	Document Reference
SoCG between Hornsea Project Four and Natural England: Other Offshore Matters	G1.10
SoCG between Hornsea Project Four and Natural England: Onshore Matters	F3.5
SoCG between Hornsea Project Four and Natural England: Derogation and Compensation	F3.4

1.1.1.3 The need for a SoCG between the Applicant and Natural England is set out within the Rule 6 letter that was issued by the Planning Inspectorate (PINS) on 24<sup>th</sup> January 2022.

1.1.1.4 Following detailed discussions undertaken through the Evidence Plan (EP) Process, the Applicant and Natural England have sought to progress a SoCG. It is the intention that this document will provide the PINS with a clear overview of the level of common ground between both parties at Deadline 1 of the Hornsea Four DCO Examination. This document will facilitate further discussions between the Applicant and Natural England and the SoCG will be updated as discussions progress during the Hornsea Four DCO examination.

### 1.2 Approach to SoCG

1.2.1.1 The Applicant took the decision at an early stage to adopt a proportionate approach to Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Hornsea Four which is detailed and integrated throughout the DCO application. The Impacts Register (see [Volume A4: Annex 5.1](#)) is a key tool that details all potential impacts identified for Hornsea Four and sets the scope of the EIA at various stages of the project (Scoping, Preliminary Environmental Information Report (PEIR) and DCO). In line with the Applicants approach to proportionality, only Likely Significant Effects (LSE) are included within the individual topic assessments within the relevant chapters of the Environmental Statement (ES). This SoCG seeks to set out the agreements reached with Natural England on the proportionate approach to EIA in addition to other matters such as (but not limited to) the adequacy of baseline data collection, the assessment methodology and conclusions reached ([Section 3.7](#)).

1.2.1.2 The structure of this SoCG is as follows:

- [Section 1](#): Introduction;
- [Section 2](#): Consultation;

- [Section 3](#): Agreement Logs; and
- [Section 4](#): Summary.

## 1.3 Application elements under Natural England's remit

1.3.1.1 The elements of Hornsea Four which may affect the interests of Natural England are Work Numbers 1 to 10, covering both onshore and offshore works. These are detailed in Part 1 (Authorised Development) of Schedule 1 (Authorised Project) of the draft DCO ([Volume C1.1: Draft DCO](#)).

## 1.4 Overview of Hornsea Four

1.4.1.1 Hornsea Four is an offshore wind farm which will be located approximately 69 km offshore the East Riding of Yorkshire in the Southern North Sea and will be the fourth project to be developed in the former Hornsea Zone. Hornsea Four will include both offshore and onshore infrastructure and consists of:

- **Hornsea Four array area:** This is where the offshore wind generating station will be located which will include the turbines, array cables, offshore accommodation platforms and a range of offshore substations as well as offshore interconnector cables and export cables;
- **Hornsea Four offshore export cable corridor:** This is where the permanent offshore electrical infrastructure (offshore export cables, as well as the High Voltage Alternating Current (HVAC) booster station (if required), will be located;
- **Hornsea Four intertidal area:** This is the area between Mean High Water Springs (MHWS) and Mean Low Water Springs (MLWS) through which all of the offshore export cables will be installed;
- **Hornsea Four onshore export cable corridor:** This is where the permanent onshore electrical cable infrastructure will be located; and
- **Hornsea Four onshore substation including energy balancing infrastructure:** This is where the permanent onshore electrical substation infrastructure (onshore High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) converter/HVAC substation, energy balancing infrastructure and connections to the National Grid) will be located.

## 2 Consultation

### 2.1 Summary of consultation with Natural England

2.1.1.1 **Table 2** below summarises the consultation that the Applicant has undertaken with Natural England relevant to offshore and intertidal ornithology during the pre-application phase.

**Table 2: Summary of pre-application consultation with Natural England.**

Date	Form of consultation	Statutory/Non Statutory	Summary
07/08/2018	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 1</b> Introduction to the proposed project and project teams and summary, reflections, agreement and sign off on the Terms of Reference.
13/09/2018	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 1</b> Introduction to the project; introduction to the Technical Panel, the EEP process and the proportionate approach to EIA; and discussion on key position papers.
15/10/2018	Consultation	Statutory	<b>Hornsea Four Scoping Report</b>
26/11/2018	Consultation	Statutory	<b>Scoping Opinion</b> Consultation response on the Scoping Report from Natural England.
12/12/2018	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 2</b> Update on the project development activities. Review of the Scoping Opinion responses and discussion on the next steps in relation to seeking agreement with key stakeholders on the data to be included in the PEIR and ES.
17/12/2018	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 2</b> Project updates; review of scoping responses; and discussion of next steps in relation to seeking agreement with stakeholders on the data to be included in the PEIR and ES.
07/02/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Developable Area Approach (DAA) 1</b> Presentation/discussion on Hornsea Four's development aspirations and discussion on ornithological constraints and potential reduction of the Agreement for Lease (AfL) area in line with key potential consent risks.
10/04/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 3</b> Project updates; discussion on the proportionate approach to EIA; review of responses received through the Scoping Opinion and Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) Screening Report consultation; discussion on next steps in relation to seeking agreement with key stakeholders on the data sources for baseline characterisation; and discussion on the next steps to agree appropriate methods for estimating potential impacts for the PEIR and ES.
11/06/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 4</b> Project updates; discussion of the scope of the PEIR and ES chapters; further discussion relating to agreement of baseline

Date	Form of consultation	Statutory/Non Statutory	Summary
			data and assessment methodology for Collision Risk Modelling (CRM) and displacement analysis; and summary of key areas of agreement and disagreement between the Applicant and Technical Panel members.
25/06/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 3</b> Update on project information, local information events, onshore and offshore Technical Panels and non-Evidence Plan consultation.
13/08/2019	Consultation	Statutory	<b>Hornsea Four PEIR</b> Published for statutory Section 42 consultation.
23/09/2019	Consultation response	Statutory	<b>Natural England letter response to PEIR</b> Providing comments on the PEIR.
29/10/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 5</b> Project updates and updates to the project programme; review of Section 42 responses; next steps to agree the key species and assessment methods for the assessment of displacement and disturbance; and discussion on Population Viability Analysis (PVA) tools.
06/11/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 4</b> Update on project information and overview of the programme to DCO application. Update to Terms of Reference to reflect Historic England joining Steering Group. Updates to the Impacts Register and Commitments Register. Discussion on the Draft DCO and Deemed Marine Licences (DMLs).
12/11/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 6</b> Review of impact assessment methodology including values used to define value, sensitivity and importance, and the use of a matrix approach to determine significance; approach to the cumulative assessment including key data sources for displacement analysis and CRM; and discussion on barrier effects and approach to the lighting impact assessment.
26/11/2019	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 7</b> Discussion on designated sites screened in for assessment, and defining the designated features and assemblages of those sites screened in for assessment; and updates on species-specific work undertaken to inform the EIA.
27/02/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 8</b> Project updates; discussions over additional camera analysis, CRM, cumulative effects assessment and species densities; and updates to foraging ranges based on the Woodward et al (2019) paper.
16/03/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 5</b> Review of draft ES documents by the relevant Technical Panels. Overview of planned seabed investigations. Project updates and updates to the Impacts Register, Commitments Register, Draft DCO and DMLs.
21/04/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 9</b>



Date	Form of consultation	Statutory/Non Statutory	Summary
			Project updates and programme; additional camera analysis; species-specific data to inform populations and densities; and data sources for intertidal ornithology.
09/06/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 10</b> Project updates, programme and derogation update; CRM and PVA assessments; and productivity , Mortality Rates and Seabird Populations.
15/06/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 11</b> Presentation of revised offshore ornithology data, following changes to the Hornsea Four Order Limits; presentation of results from CRM and PVA workstreams; discussion on other ongoing offshore wind farm examinations; and apportionment methodology for the Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment (RIAA).
19/10/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 12</b> Discussion on CRM and displacement assessments; discussion on the potential for Adverse Effect on Integrity (AEoI) with respect to gannet and razorbill; and discussion on securing agreement on the ornithological baseline data characterisation.
21/10/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 6</b> Review of draft ES documents by the relevant Technical Panels. Project updates on change to Hornsea Four Order Limits. DCO application submission programme, SoCGs and Project Seabird and Derogation. Overview of Design Vision Statement and planned seabed investigations.
23/11/2020	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 13</b> Review of Baseline and MRSea ES deliverables; discussion on the cumulative and in-combination totals for other offshore wind farms; and presentation of updated PVA modelling results.
04/03/2021	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 14</b> Project updates including the reduction in the developable area and the change to the project programme; discussion on the auk habituation and displacement report and associated feedback; discussion on guillemot conclusions on AEoI; and discussion on potential mitigation options.
15/03/2021	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Developable Area Approach (DAA) 3</b> Further site reduction to reduce the potential impacts upon the guillemot and razorbill. The Afl reduction was subsequently formalised as an Order limits change.
29/07/2021	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>EP Steering Group Meeting 7</b> Project updates on change to DCO application submission programme, SoCGs and non-statutory compensation

Date	Form of consultation	Statutory/Non Statutory	Summary
			consultation. Overview of geophysical and geotechnical investigations.
17/08/2021	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Outline Marine Monitoring Plan Meeting</b> To discuss consultee comments on the Outline Marine Monitoring Plan document provided for consultation to Natural England and the Marine Management Organisation (MMO) in consultation with Cefas.
18/08/2021	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Technical Panel Meeting 15</b> Project updates including the reduction in the developable area and the change to the project programme; discussion on the auk habituation and displacement report and associated feedback; discussion on guillemot conclusions on AEol; and discussion on potential mitigation options.
17/02/2022	Meeting	Non Statutory	<b>Hornsea Four Ornithology and Compensation SOCG meeting</b> Project update on MRSea baseline comments received from CREEM and Natural England in Relevant Representation and Written Representation.

### 3 Agreement Logs

#### 3.1 Overview

- 3.1.1.1 The following sections of this SoCG set out the level of agreement between the parties for each relevant component of the application (as identified in paragraph 1.3.1.1) seaward of MHWS.
- 3.1.1.2 In order to easily identify whether a matter is 'agreed', 'not agreed' or an 'ongoing point of discussion', the colour coding system set out in **Table 3** below is used within the 'position' column of the following sections of this document.

**Table 3: Position Status Key.**

Position Status	Position Colour Coding
<b>Agreed</b> The matter is considered to be agreed between the parties	Agreed
<b>Not Agreed – no material impact</b> The matter is not agreed between the parties, however the outcome of the approach taken by either the Applicant or Natural England is not considered to result in a material impact to the assessment conclusions.	Not Agreed – no material impact
<b>Not Agreed – material impact</b> The matter is not agreed between the parties and the outcome of the approach taken by either the Applicant or Natural England is considered to result in a materially different impact to the assessment conclusions.	Not Agreed – material impact
<b>Ongoing point of discussion</b>	Ongoing point of discussion

Position Status	Position Colour Coding
The matter is neither 'agreed' nor 'not agreed' and is a matter where further discussion is required between the parties (e.g where documents are yet to be shared with Natural England).	

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## 3.2 Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology

Table 4: Agreement Log – Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology.

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
<b>Environmental Impact Assessment</b>				
NE-ORN-OFF-01	Baseline Environment	Sufficient survey data (24 months of site-specific aerial digital survey data) has been collected to define the baseline to inform the assessment.		Agreed Evidence Plan (EP) Log: OFF-ORN-1.8
NE-ORN-OFF-02		The reliance of aerial digital survey data from two cameras (approximately 10% coverage of the survey area) is a sufficient survey dataset that is appropriate to inform the assessment.		Agreed EP Log: OFF-ORN-1.19
NE-ORN-OFF-03		The aerial digital video survey methodology implemented for the offshore ornithological surveys is appropriate for characterising the baseline.		Agreed EP Log: OFF-ORN-1.8
NE-ORN-OFF-04		The methods and techniques used to analyse offshore ornithological data are appropriate for characterising bird distributions and estimating populations, attribution and apportionment of unidentified birds, correction of availability bias and consideration of biological seasons		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-05		Through consultation with Natural England prior to the PEIR and following their Section 42 responses a method was developed and agreed to estimate red-throated diver densities within the Hornsea Four Export Cable Corridor. This included a 'benchmark' approach being applied to seabird densities from the predicted density maps and the underlying dataset of the SeaMaST project (Seabird Mapping and Sensitivity Tool)		Agreed EP Log: OFF-ORN-1.11 and 2.25

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
		described in Bradbury et al. (2014) as the most appropriate dataset for this purpose		
NE-ORN-OFF-06		The little gull population estimate <sup>1</sup> detailed in Appendix C of <b>Volume A5, Annex 5.5: Offshore Ornithology Migratory Birds Report</b> is appropriate to inform the assessment.		Agreed EP Log: OFF-ORN-1.17
NE-ORN-OFF-07		The data sources detailed in Table 1 of <b>Volume A5, Annex 5.1: Offshore and Intertidal Ornithology Baseline Characterisation Report</b> are appropriate to inform the assessment.		Agreed EP Log: OFF-ORN-1.18
NE-ORN-OFF-08		The migratory seabird and non-seabird population estimates detailed in Appendix C of <b>Volume A5, Annex 5.5: Offshore Ornithology Migratory Birds Report</b> is appropriate to inform the assessment.		
NE-ORN-OFF-08	Assessment Methodology (General)	The list of offshore and intertidal ornithology receptors and the potential impacts on them assessed are appropriate for all phases of development.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-09		The impact assessment methodologies used for the EIA provide an appropriate approach to assessing potential impacts of Hornsea Four.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-10		The maximum design scenarios (MDS) for impacts on offshore and intertidal receptors is clearly defined and are representative of the likely Worst Case Scenarios (WCS) and appropriate to be used in the assessment.		Agreed Relevant Representation (RR)

<sup>1</sup>Proposed estimate of the autumn migration BDMPS for use in assessments of OWFs occurring in English waters of the North Sea is 30,500 individuals. Note that in the manner of Furness (2015) only a single value is given.

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
NE-ORN-OFF-11		The characterisation of receptor sensitivity is appropriate.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-12	Assessment Methodology (Construction Impacts)	The methods of assessing disturbance and displacement during construction activities within the array area and 2 km buffer (being treated as half the predicted values of the operational and maintenance phase) is appropriate for the purposes of assessing the risks of displacement of gannet, guillemot, razorbill and puffin in relation to Hornsea Four.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-13		The methods of assessing disturbance and displacement during construction activities within the ECC (associated with export cable laying), within an area out to 2 km from cable laying vessel, is appropriate for the purposes of assessing the risks of displacement of red-throated diver in relation to Hornsea Four.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-14	Assessment Methodology (Operation Impacts)	The methods of assessing disturbance and displacement during the operation and maintenance phase for gannet of between 60-80% is appropriate for the purposes of assessing the risks in relation to Hornsea Four.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-15		The methods of assessing displacement consequent mortality during the operation and maintenance phase for gannet of up to 1% is appropriate for the purposes of assessing the risks in relation to Hornsea Four.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-16		The methods of assessing disturbance and displacement during the operation and maintenance phase for auk species (guillemot, razorbill and puffin) of 50% is appropriate for the		Ongoing point of discussion

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
		purposes of assessing the risks in relation to Hornsea Four.		
NE-ORN-OFF-17		The methods of assessing displacement consequent mortality during the operation and maintenance phase for auk species (guillemot, razorbill and puffin) of up to 1% is appropriate for the purposes of assessing the risks in relation to Hornsea Four.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-18		The methods of assessing collision risk for key seabirds including gannet, kittiwake, great black-backed gull, lesser black-backed gull and herring gull are appropriate and have been applied accurately.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-19		The methods of assessing collision risk on migratory seabirds and non-seabirds are appropriate and have been applied accurately.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-20		The methods of assessing indirect effects are appropriate and have been applied accurately.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-21		The methods of assessing barrier effects are appropriate and have been applied accurately.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-22	Assessment Methodology (Cumulative Impacts)	The plans and projects considered within the cumulative assessment are appropriate.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-23	Assessment of cumulative displacement	The abundance (displacement) values for all other plans and projects considered within the cumulative displacement assessment are appropriate for gannet and auk species (razorbill, guillemot and puffin).		Ongoing point of discussion

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
NE-ORN-OFF-24	Assessment of cumulative collision risk	The collision mortality values for all other plans and projects considered within the cumulative collision risk assessment are appropriate for gannet, kittiwake, great black-backed gull, lesser black-backed gull and herring gull.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-25	Outcomes of the EIA	The conclusions of the assessment of impacts for construction and decommissioning phases are appropriate and agreed that no impacts of greater than minor adverse significance are predicted.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-26		The conclusions of the assessment of impacts for operation and maintenance phases are appropriate and agreed that no impacts of greater than minor adverse significance are predicted.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-27		The conclusions of the assessment of cumulative construction and decommissioning impacts are appropriate and agreed that no impacts of greater than minor adverse significance are predicted.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-28		The conclusions of the assessment of cumulative operation and maintenance impacts are appropriate and agreed that no impacts of greater than minor adverse significance are predicted.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-29		Given the impacts of the project, the proposed Commitments outlined in <a href="#">Volume A4, Annex 5.2: Commitments Register</a> are appropriate.		Ongoing point of discussion
<b>Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment</b>				
NE-ORN-OFF-30	Screening	The RIAA has identified all relevant features of the designated sites that may be sensitive to changes as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion



ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
NE-ORN-OFF-31		The RIAA has identified all relevant transboundary designated sites that may be sensitive to changes as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-32	Outcomes of the RIAA	Conclusion of no AEol at any transboundary sites is appropriate, either alone or in-combination as a result of as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-33		Conclusion of no AEol at any sites is appropriate, either alone or in-combination as a result of the proposed activities (except at Flamborough and Filey Coast (FFC) Special Protection Area (SPA)).		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-34		Conclusion of no AEol at FFC SPA is appropriate in relation to Hornsea Four alone, for any relevant features (including designated features of gannet, kittiwake, guillemot, razorbill), as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-35		Conclusion of no AEol at FFC SPA is appropriate in relation to Hornsea Four alone, for any relevant features (including named species within the designated seabird assemblage of herring gull and puffin and the seabird assemblage itself), as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-36		There is potential for an AEol on kittiwake at the FFC SPA from Hornsea Four in-combination with other projects.		Agreed
NE-ORN-OFF-37		Conclusion of no AEol at FFC SPA is appropriate in relation to from Hornsea Four in-combination with other projects, for the designated features of gannet, kittiwake, guillemot, razorbill , as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion
NE-ORN-OFF-38		Conclusion of an AEol at FFC SPA is appropriate in relation to from Hornsea Four in-combination		Ongoing point of discussion

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
		with other projects, for the designated feature of kittiwake, as a result of the proposed activities.		
NE-ORN-OFF-39		Conclusion of no AEoI at FFC SPA is appropriate in relation to from Hornsea Four in-combination with other projects, for named species within the designated seabird assemblage of herring gull and puffin and the seabird assemblage itself, as a result of the proposed activities.		Ongoing point of discussion
<b>Draft DCO and Deemed Marine Licences</b>				
NE-ORN-OFF-40		<p>The wording of the following requirements and conditions pertaining to offshore and intertidal ornithology are appropriate and adequate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Part 2 - Condition 13(1)(d)(v) of DCO Schedules 11 and 12 with reference to a Vessel Management Plan;</li> <li>• Part 3 - DCO Requirement 2(2)(c) and DCO Schedule 11, Part 2 - Condition 1(2)(c) with reference to the lowest point of the rotating blade (42.43m Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT));</li> <li>• Part 1(6) of DCO Schedules 11 and 12 with reference to a Decommissioning Programme; and</li> <li>• Part 3 - DCO Requirement 17 with reference to a Code of Construction Practice and Part 2 - Condition 13(1)(h) of DCO Schedule 12 with reference to a Cable Specification and Installation Plan (in relation to installation of offshore export cables at landfall); and</li> <li>• Part 2 - Condition 13(1)(k) of DCO Schedule 11 with reference to an Ornithological Monitoring Plan.</li> </ul>		Ongoing point of discussion

ID	Topic	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
<b>Other Matters</b>				

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### 3.3 Other Documents and Plans

Table 5: Agreement Log – Other Documents and Plans.

ID	Hornsea Fours Position	Natural England's Position	Position Summary
<b>Outline Ornithological Monitoring Plan</b>			
NE-ORN-OFF-41	F2.19 <b>Outline Ornithological Monitoring Plan</b> provides an appropriate framework to agree monitoring with Statutory Nature Conservation Bodies (SNCBs) and the MMO prior to construction.		Ongoing point of discussion

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## 4 Summary

- 4.1.1.1 This SoCG has outlined the consultation that has taken place between the Applicant and Natural England during the pre-application and Examination phase (to date (see Revision History). The agreement logs present the position reached at the point of submission of this SoCG to PINS in relation to offshore and intertidal ornithology (at Deadline 1).
- 4.1.1.2 This SoCG will be updated as discussions progress and made available to PINS as requested through the DCO examination phase.